

GALILEE TO JERUSALEM

EYFS

Spring Term Branch 3

Keywords

Magi

Sometimes we call Magi “Wise Men” or “Kings” The word Magi means priests. There were three Magi – Caspar, Melchior and Balthasar.

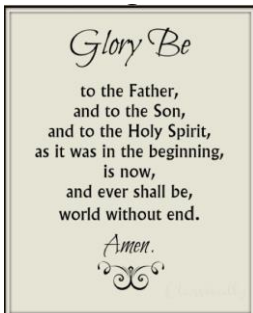


Epiphany

This is the feast where the 3 wise men went to the stable where Jesus was born. They followed a star. It is normally celebrated on January 6th.



Glory Be



We believe in
**putting people
in most need
first**

Option for the Poor



Hear - What scripture will I hear?

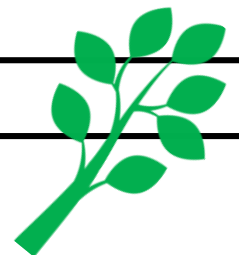
The Wise Men visit Jesus (Matt 2:1-12).
Jesus welcomes the little children (Mk 10:v16).
Jesus blesses the little children (story retold).

Believe - What do Catholics believe?

- Jesus was born for everyone
- The Magi visited Jesus with gifts.
- Jesus is God's Son and came for everyone.
- Jesus' birth is celebrated at Christmas.
- Jesus came to show God's love and welcomes everyone.
- Jesus takes care of everyone.

Celebrate - How we act as Catholics

The 'Glory Be' is a special prayer



Live - Catholic Social Teachings

- Show love to everyone like Jesus.
- We welcome and show love to everyone in our words and actions as Jesus does.
- We are called to help the poor and hungry.
- CST You need food, water, a house, your school, a good doctor, and a job for the grown-up who takes care of you. So does everybody else on the whole Earth.

GALILEE TO JERUSALEM

Year 1

Spring Term Branch 3

Keywords

Key Scripture

Son of God– Jesus is the Son of God



Candlemas – The Feast of the Presentation of Jesus is celebrated around the world and is known as Candlemas in Britain.



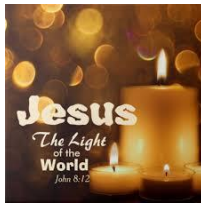
“Master, you can let your servant go in peace, just as you promised ... A light to enlighten the pagans and the glory of your people Israel.”

[Luke 2: 22-32](#)

Temple – a place where people worship God..

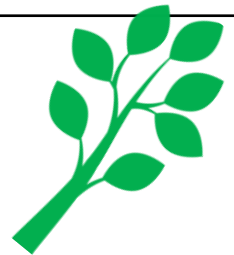


Light – Jesus is the Light of the World



During this unit I will explore ...

- People that encountered Jesus and recognised he was special.
- Religious stories from the Gospel of Luke.
- How people might have felt when they met Jesus.
- Candlemas and listen to stories and experiences of how people celebrate
- How Jesus is a 'light' for all people.



GALILEE TO JERUSALEM

Year 2

Spring Term Branch 3

Keywords

Key Scripture

John the Baptist

John's mother is Elizabeth, who is Mary's cousin. John baptised Jesus in the River Jordan. This is when Jesus realised his full mission. He is a prophet.

Sin

Sin is something bad you do even though you know you shouldn't do it.

Miracle

A sign or wonder such as healing or controlling nature that can only happen because of God's power.

Reconciliation

When we go to confession, we tell God that we are sorry for the sins we have committed. God forgives us and we can have a new beginning with God.

Parable

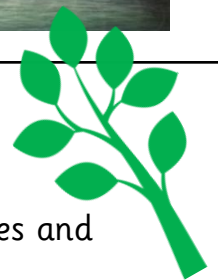
A story that Jesus used to teach people a moral or spiritual lesson.

“And Jesus, when he was baptised, went up straightway out of the water: and, lo, the heavens were opened unto him, and he saw the Spirit of God descending like a dove, and lighting upon him: “And lo a voice from heaven, saying, This is my beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased” (Matthew 3:13, 16–17).





During this unit I will explore ...

- the story of John the Baptist and the baptism of Jesus.
- how everyone is tempted to make bad choices (sin), but that God loves and forgives all people.
- artistic representations of Jesus' baptism and talking about images used for God the Father, Jesus (God the Son), and the Holy Spirit and notice how they are connected.
- water as a symbol of a new start (reconciliation), thinking about the Sacrament of Baptism and the story of Noah



GALILEE TO JERUSALEM



Year 3	Spring Term Branch 3
Keywords	Key Scripture
<p>Kingdom of God – heaven</p>	<p>‘And going into the house, they saw the child with Mary his mother, and they fell down and worshiped him. Then, opening their treasures they offered him gifts, gold, frankincense and myrrh’</p> <p>Matthew 2:11</p>
<p>miracle – an act by God</p>	
<p>parable – a short story that Jesus told that we can learn from.</p>	
<p>Magi– the wisemen who followed the star, searching for the king.</p>	<p>‘Take heart, my son; your sins are forgiven’.</p> <p>Matthew 9:2</p> 
<p>Adoration – the feeling of deep love.</p>	
<p>Epiphany – a revelation – when Jesus was revealed to the world..</p>	<p>‘The kingdom of heaven is like treasure hidden in a field, which a man found and covered up’.</p> <p>Matthew 13: 44</p> 
<p>Commitment – agree to do something,</p>	

During this unit I will explore ...

- the visit of the Magi and explain what the visit of the Magi and the gifts they bring show us about Jesus.
- the ‘Our Father’ prayer and make simple links between the prayer and building the kingdom.
- how people need to change their behaviour to show their commitment to building the kingdom, comparing responses and asking questions about other people’s responses.



GALILEE TO JERUSALEM


Year 4	Spring Term Branch 3
Keywords	Key Scripture
<p>Messiah – a title for Jesus who came to save humanity through serving it.</p>	<p>When he entered the house, the blind man came to him, and Jesus said to them, “Do you believe that I am able to do this?” They said to him, “Yes, Lord.” Then he touched their eyes, saying, “According to your faith be it done to you.” And their eyes were opened. Matthew 9:28-30</p>
<p>Christ– a title for Jesus, the anointed one.</p>	
<p>Incarnation – Jesus is fully God <u>and</u> fully human.</p>	
<p>Kingdom– Jesus shows that God’s kingdom includes those who are excluded by society.</p>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div>
<p>Sacrament of the Sick– people when very ill, are anointed to gain God’s strength.</p>	
<p>Nicene Creed– a prayer said by followers during Mass that states what they believe.</p>	<p>This was to fulfil what was spoken by the prophet Isaiah. “He took our illnesses and bore our diseases.” Matthew 8: 17</p>
<p>Marginalised– when people are separated by others because of illness, attitudes and misunderstandings.</p>	<p>But when the disciples saw him walking on the sea, they were terrified and said, “It is a ghost!” and they cried out in fear. But immediately Jesus spoke to them, saying, “Take heart, it is I. Do not be afraid.” Matthew 14: 26-27</p>

During this unit I will explore...

- why some people gave Jesus the title ‘Christ’ (the anointed one) by making links with the Scripture studied.
- the Sacrament of Reconciliation and the Sacrament of the Sick
- the links between the belief in that Jesus is the Messiah and the Nicene Creed (specifically Articles 2-4) and suggest why Catholics say this prayer.
- those that society excludes today and consider how they could show love for these people as Jesus did.



GALILEE TO JERUSALEM

Year 5	Spring Term Branch 3
Keywords	Key Scripture
<p><u>Beatitude</u> Jesus tells his followers about what makes a life blessed. They are linked to the Ten Commandments.</p>	<p>Jesus replied, “To be sure, Elijah comes and will restore all things. But I tell you, Elijah has already come, and they did not recognise him, but have done to him everything they wished. In the same way the Son of Man is going to suffer at their hands.” Then the disciples understood that he was talking to them about John the Baptist. Matthew 17:1-13</p> 
<p><u>Sermon</u> A religious leaders tells (preaches) listeners about something important linked to a key belief or scripture and links it to how we should live. The most famous sermon is Jesus’ Sermon on the Mount – made near the Sea of Galilee.</p>	
<p><u>Virtue</u> The word comes from a Latin word meaning courage. A virtue is a good habit that is added to our soul. Cardinal Virtues are: Practical wisdom (prudence), justice, fortitude and temperance. Theological virtues are Faith, Hope, Love (charity)</p>	
<p><u>Petition</u> A petition is a form of prayer where we are asking God for something. There are seven petitions or requests in the Our Father.</p>	<p>“And when you pray, do not keep on babbling like pagans, for they think they will be heard because of their many words. Do not be like them, for your Father knows what you need before you ask him.” Matthew 6: 7-13</p>

During this unit I will ...

- Recognise that in the Beatitudes Jesus tells his followers important messages about what makes a life blessed.
- Make links between the seven petitions (requests) of the Our Father and their meaning for Christians.
- Express a point of view about Jesus’ great commandment as a rule for life.
- Reflect on the mystery of the Transfiguration.



GALILEE TO JERUSALEM

Year 6

Spring Term Branch 3

Keywords

Key Scripture

Cana

This is a place in Galilee where Jesus and his mother went to a wedding. It was at this wedding the Jesus performed his first public miracle – turning water into wine.

When Jesus saw their faith, he said, “Friend, your sins are forgiven.”

Luke 5:18-25

Bethesda

The Pool of Bethesda in Jerusalem is written about in John’s Gospel when Jesus healed a paralysed man.



Lazarus

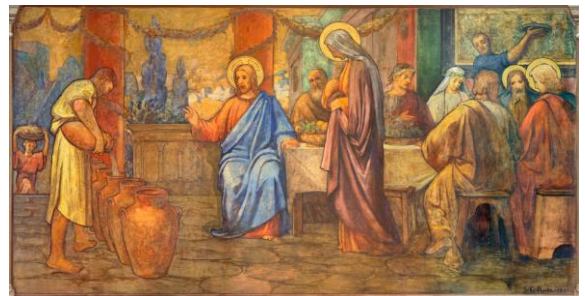
In John’s Gospel, there is the story of Lazarus. Lazarus was the brother of Martha and Mary, they lived in Bethany near Jerusalem. Jesus loved the family and when he heard that Lazarus had died from illness, he travelled to him. The body had been in the tomb for four days but was raised from the dead by Jesus.

“Fill the jars with water.” And they filled them up to the brim. And he said to them, “Now draw some out and take it to the master of the feast.”

John 2:1-11

Sacraments

The sacraments are seven meeting points, where God himself is present, waits for you, blesses you and leads you deeper into the community of the church.



Baptism, Penance,
 Eucharist, Confirmation,
 Matrimony, Holy Orders,
 Anointing of the sick

During this unit I will ...

- know the seven sacraments of the Catholic faith and explain the purpose of each sacrament in the life of the Catholic Church.
- explain the role of the deacon, priest, or bishop in administering the sacraments and why they are a part of sacramental celebrations.
- give reasons why the Church teaches sacraments are ‘meeting points where God himself is present’ (YCfK 64). Discuss why others might disagree.
- consider how stories from scripture speak to people in different ways. (RVE)

