

## To Know You More Clearly Year Group Overview

<b>LIVE</b>	Examples of acting with great love (e.g., Little Way week shows the importance of doing small things with great love). What growing in virtue could mean in their school (e.g., Jesuit Pupil Profile, Virtues to Live By (Diocese of Leeds)).	Psalms are an ancient way of prayer that are still prayed every day. How the O Antiphons are expressed in art from around the world (e.g., illuminated manuscripts, sung versions of the O Antiphons). How the O Antiphons are used by Christians to reflect on the significance of Jesus and his coming at Christmas (e.g., The O Antiphons, by Ansgar Holmberg C.S.J.).	That the virtues of faith, hope and love help Christians to live out the Beatitudes. Examples of some artists who have imagined the Transfiguration.	Prayer is a way of sharing with God everything that is in a person's heart, what makes them happy and what is troubling them. What Christians express by prayer postures e.g., kneeling, standing, sitting, joined hands.	Some examples of artistic symbolic representation of the Holy Spirit. An example of a saint whose life was transformed by encountering Jesus and who went on to transform the lives of others.	
<b>KEY VOCABULARY</b>	covenant Moses Exodus Sinai Commandments virtues grace	Samuel David anointing antiphon psalm Advent	Beatitude sermon petition Transfiguration Our Father virtue	Ash Wednesday Lent sin deadly sin fasting prayer conscience death judgement heaven hell	confirmation discipleship Holy Spirit anoint chrism Bishop baptismal grace	Old Testament New Testament Bible Tanakh Shema Mezuzah

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YEAR SIX	BRANCH ONE CREATION AND COVENANT	BRANCH TWO PROPHECY AND PROMISE	BRANCH THREE FROM GALILEE TO JERUSALEM	BRANCH FOUR FROM DESERT TO GARDEN	BRANCH FIVE TO THE ENDS OF THE EARTH	BRANCH SIX DIALOGUE AND ENCOUNTER
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>HEAR</b></p>	<p>The second account of Creation (Genesis 2:5-10, 15-23, 3:1-7,9-13, 17-19) Jn 1:1-5, 16-18 The Nicene Creed Laudato Si' 66-67 The literary forms employed in the Genesis account. The Genesis account of Creation and Fall is not a literal scientific description, but expresses beliefs about God, the world, and human beings (see CCC 159).</p>	<p>Old Testament passages that show the importance of women in salvation history, e.g.: Genesis 18:1-15; 21:1-7: Sarah Exodus 1:8-22; 2:1-10: Miriam Judges 4:4-11; 5:7-15: Deborah 1 Samuel 1:5, 9-11, 26-28: Hannah Esther 2:4, 15-17; 3:1-6, 12-13; 4:1-4, 8a-17; 5:1-8; 7:1-6, 9-10; 8:3-12 (Purim): Esther Lk 1: 26-56: Mary as the fulfilment of Old Testament promises The difference between the Lucan and Matthean infancy narratives, emphasising their respective intentions, narrative approach, and Luke's emphasis on the role of women in the story of salvation.</p>	<p>The Wedding at Cana (Jn 2:1-12) Healing the official's son (Jn 4:46-54) Healing the man at Bethesda (Jn 5:1-47) Feeding the 5000 (Jn 6:1-4) Walking on water (Jn 6:15-21) Healing the Blind Man (Jn 9:1-41) Raising of Lazarus (Jn 11:1-57) 'I am the bread of life' (Jn 6:35) or 'I am the Resurrection and the life' (Jn 11:25)</p>	<p>The anointing at Bethany (Jn 12:1-11) Jesus washes his disciples' feet (Jn 13:1-17) First farewell discourse (Jn 13:33-38) The arrest of Jesus (Jn 18:1:11) Jesus before Pilate (Jn 18:28-40, 19:4-6) The Crucifixion (Jn 19:17-22) Jesus and his mother (Jn 19:25-27) The death of Jesus (Jn 19:28-37)</p>	<p>The empty tomb and the appearance to Mary Magdala (Jn 20:1-18) Appearances to the disciples (Jn 20:19-31) Conclusion (Jn 20: 30-31) Christians believe in the Resurrection (1 Cor 15:14) Jesus as the last Adam (1 Cor 15:45-49) The story of Stephen (Acts 6:8-15, 7:51-60)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>DIALOGUE</b></p> <p>That Catholics should work to promote 'unity and love' (Nostra Aetate 1) among all people. That the Church is called to 'enter dialogue with the world in which it lives. It has something to say, a message to give' (Ecclesiam Suam 65). That Christians are responsible for promoting the common good.</p> <p>Some practical ways in which people can work together towards common goals. The term 'worldview' and its meaning.</p>

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<b>BELIEVE</b>	<p>The world is in disarray because humans choose to do evil again and again. This is called original sin; the story of Adam and Eve explains why the world is no longer as good as it was in the beginning. (CfK 22)</p> <p>In Jesus, God restored humanity's relationship with him. Baptism is the first sacrament of the forgiveness of sins. It unites Christians with Jesus Christ, who dies and rises, and strengthens the gifts of the Holy Spirit. Belief in God as sustainer and source of the universe is compatible with the scientific account of the beginnings of the universe and the theory of evolution.</p>	<p>The women of the Old Testament are true protagonists of salvation history (see Pope John Paul II's address, General Audience, 27 March 1996).</p> <p>Mary is the fulfilment of the Old Testament promises and became the 'Mother of God' by her 'Yes' to God's plan.</p>	<p>God inspired the authors of Sacred Scripture. Scripture is understood literally and spiritually. Mary prays and asks Jesus for help at Cana. The Church has seven sacraments. The sacraments of initiation are baptism, confirmation, and Eucharist. The sacraments of healing are penance and anointing of the sick. The sacraments in service to Holy Communion are marriage and Holy Orders.</p> <p>The purpose of sacraments is to help people grow more like Jesus, and through him become children of God. The sacraments engage all the senses, not just intellect and are earthly signs of the presence of God, especially in the Eucharist.</p>	<p>At the Last Supper Jesus showed his love by washing his disciples' feet. Jesus showed his love by dying on the cross. On the cross he took on the guilt and pain of the whole world to bring the world back home to God's perfect love. (See Article 4 Apostles' Creed.) Mary is the mother of all Christians.</p>	<p>Christians believe Jesus rose from the dead. (See Article 5, the Apostles' Creed.) The disciples believed that Jesus rose from the dead because they saw him, spoke with him, and experienced him in a different way as being alive.</p> <p>The Resurrection is the work of the Holy Trinity. All Christians are called to witness to the Resurrection by the example of their new life in baptism, strengthened by the Holy Spirit in confirmation.</p> <p>Some Christians die for their faith, this is called martyrdom.</p>
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<p><b>CELEBRATE</b></p>	<p>The symbols in the Sacrament of Baptism that point to a Christian's new life in Christ.</p> <p>The Church teaches that the Nicene Creed allows all believers to make a common statement of their faith.</p>	<p>The Magnificat is the song of the Mother of God and the song of the Church.</p> <p>The Church prays the Magnificat each day at Vespers (evening prayer).</p> <p>Some sung settings of the Magnificat.</p>	<p>The sacraments are meeting points with God that bring people into a closer relationship with God and the community of the Church. They are holy, visible signs of God's presence and action in the life of a Catholic.</p> <p>Through they Catholics experience the 'healing, forgiving, nourishing, strengthening, presence of God that enables them to love in turn' (YC p105).</p> <p>Different representations in art or music of one of the signs from St John's gospel or one of the 'I am' statements studied.</p>	<p>That Mass on Holy Thursday recalls Jesus' actions at the Last Supper, including washing the feet of the apostles.</p> <p>The Stations of the Cross are a prayerful reflection on Christ's journey to the cross.</p>	<p>How Christians today meet Christ in the Eucharist, in the scriptures, in prayer and in love for all people.</p> <p>Some age- appropriate examples of the Act of Faith, Hope and Love prayers.</p>	<p><b>ENCOUNTER</b></p> <p>Recognise links and simple connections between some Dharmic beliefs, practices, and way of life (e.g., Hinduism or Sikhism or Buddhism or Jainism).</p>
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<b>LIVE</b>	<p>Many scientists are Christians and they do not see any conflict between their faith and science.</p> <p>The work of Catholic scientists in contributing to the scientific account of the beginnings of the universe (e.g., the work of Mendel and Lemaitre). The ways in which some sin is social and embedded in social structures (cf. CCC 1868-69).</p>	<p>Examples of women today who are responding to God’s call in their life. For example, the role of women’s religious orders in the Church today, with reference to at least one example of a Catholic women’s religious order (e.g., Sisters of Mercy, Ursulines, Sisters of Loreto, Daughters of St Paul, Little sisters of the Poor).</p>	<p>How sacraments are celebrated in their local parish community and how these form part of the life of the local Church.</p> <p>How their local parish community (Parish priest and laity) hand on the teaching of Jesus.</p>	<p>The Stations of the Cross are prayed by Christians around the world and model the Via Dolorosa in Jerusalem.</p> <p>Explore different representations of the Stations of the Cross or prayers of the stations in different places in the world, e.g., Via Crucis in Rome, the high stations in Lourdes.</p> <p>Encounter some artistic representations of the Holy Week as depicted in the gospel of John, for example, Sieger Koder ‘The washing of feet’, or extracts of St John’s passion by Bach.</p>	<p>Some examples of saints, considering how they bore witness to Christ in their lives (e.g., St Margaret Mary Alacoque and her devotion to the Sacred Heart, St Teresa of Calcutta being the merciful face of Christ to the poor) or by suffering persecution and death (e.g., St Oscar Romero speaking out against oppression, St Teresa Benedicta of the Cross who died in the concentration camps).</p> <p>The work of Christian charitable organisations that help people facing injustice and persecution because of their beliefs, e.g., Aid to the Church in Need, CAFOD, Missio.</p>	
<b>KEY VOCABULARY</b>	<p>Creation Fall Eden evolution baptism salvation</p>	<p>Salvation history fulfilment Old Testament Lucan Matthean protagonists Mary, Mother of God Magnificat religious order</p>	<p>Cana Bethesda Lazarus sacraments</p>	<p>Bethany anoint discourse Pilate Crucifixion Holy Week Stations of the Cross</p>	<p>Adam Mary Magdala Resurrection martyr witness saint charity</p>	<p>dialogue worldview Catholic Social Teaching</p>

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